A 1	Address Information	
A1	Name of College/University:	Oregon State University
A1	Mailing Address:	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Corvallis, OR 97331 USA
A1	Street Address (if different):	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A1	Main Phone Number:	541-737-1000
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	http://oregonstate.edu
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	541-737-4411
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	800-291-4192
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	104 Kerr Administration Bldg
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Corvallis, OR 97331 USA
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	541-737-2482
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	osuadmit@oregonstate.edu
A1	If there is a separate URL for your	
	school's online application, please	
	specify:	
A1		
	If you have a mailing address other	
	than the above to which applications	
	should be sent, please provide:	

Δ2	Source	of institutional	control	(Check only one	٠/٠
AZ	Source	oi ilistitutionai	COILLIO	CHECK OHIV OHE	;,.

A2	Public	Χ
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
A2	Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

A3	Coeducational college	Χ
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

A4	Semester	
A4	Quarter	Χ
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	
	·	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Α5	Certificate	Х
Α5	Diploma	
Α5	Associate	
Α5	Transfer	
Α5	Terminal	
Α5	Bachelor's	Х
Α5	Postbachelor's certificate	Х
Α5	Master's	Х
Α5	Post-master's certificate	Χ
Α5	Doctoral	Х
Α5	First professional	Х
Α5	First professional certificate	Χ

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2006.

B1		FULL	-TIME	PART.	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	1,466	1,390	50	39
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	566	461	58	50
B1	All other degree-seeking	5,283	4,373	728	732
B1	Total degree-seeking	7,315	6,224	836	821
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	119	125	182	207
B1	Total undergraduates	7,434	6,349	1,018	1,028
B1	First-Professional				
B1	First-time, first-professional				
	students	44	95	0	0
B1	All other first-professionals	128	257	4	4
B1	Total first-professional	172	352	4	4
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	339	307	35	53
B1	All other degree-seeking	767	614	211	229
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	24	11	161	250
B1	Total graduate	1130	932	407	532
B1	Total all undergraduates			<u>-</u>	15,829
B1	Total all graduate and professional	students		-	3,533
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS			<u>-</u>	19,362

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2006. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	37	208	
B2	Black, non-Hispanic	45	214	
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native	34	207	
B2	Asian or Pacific Islander	301	1,287	
B2	Hispanic	133	609	
B2	White, non-Hispanic	2,125	11,523	
B2	Race/ethnicity unknown	270	1,148	
B2	TOTAL	2,945	15,196	

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006

B3 Certificate/diploma 25

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B3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	3353
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	2
B3	Master's degrees	660
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees	166
B3	First professional degrees	118
B 3	First professional certificates	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2006 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2000 cohort if available. If fall 2000 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1999 cohort.

Fall 2000 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2000.

B4	Initial 2000 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	2,744
B5	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	6
B6	Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	
	question B4)	2,738
B7	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	
	August 31, 2004):	821
B8	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but	
	in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):	657
B9	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but	
	in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	164
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	1,642
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	60%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2003 cohort if available. If 2003 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2002 cohort.

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2002 Cohort

B12	Initial 2003 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2003 Cohort

B12	Initial 2002 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
B14	Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2005 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2005 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2006?	81%

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2006. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	4625
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	4452
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	4208
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	4179
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	1466
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	50
C1	Total full-time first-time first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	1390

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		Х
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2006 admissions:		
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?		

Admission Requirements

If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	Х
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units Required	Units Recommended
C5	Total academic units		
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	3	4
C5	Science	2	
C5	Of these, units that must be	1	2
	lab	ļ	2
C5	Foreign language	2	
C5	Social studies	3	
C5	History		

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Academic electives				
Other (specify)				
-	-	•		
Basis for Selection				
Do you have an open admission	on policy, under which virtu	ually all secondary	school graduates of	or students with
GED equivalency diplomas are				
If so, check which applies:			.,,	4
Open admission policy as des	cribed above for all studen	nts		Ī
Open admission policy as des				Ī
selective admission for out-				1
selective admission to some				†
other (explain)	· programme			†
(0.4.0)				†
				1
Relative importance of each	of the following academ	ic and nonacade	mic factors in first	-time, first-year,
degree-seeking (freshman) a	admission decisions.			
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
	very important	important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school	V			
record	X			
Class rank		X		
Academic GPA	X			
Standardized test scores			Х	
Application Essay	X			
Recommendation(s)			Х	
Recommendation(s) Nonacademic			· L	1
Interview			X	
Extracurricular activities			X	
Extracurricular activities Talent/ability		X		
Character/personal qualities		X		
First generation		^	X	
Alumni/ae relation			^	
Geographical residence				X
State residency Religious		+		Х
_				X
affiliation/commitment		+		V
Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work		· ·		X
		X		-
Work experience	_	1	X	<u> </u>
Level of applicant's interest			λ	
SAT and ACT Dalisies				
SAT and ACT Policies				
Entrance exams			V	NI.
Deservation in addition to the second	- + CAT ACT CAT C	binat Tant	Yes	No
Does your institution make use				
admission decisions for first-tir	ne, tirst-year, degree-seek	king applicants?	X	
<u> </u>				
A If yes, place check marks in th	e appropriate boxes below	v to reflect your ins	titution's policies fo	r use in admission
for Fall 2008.				
A			DMISSION	Camelilan II
A	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	
0.07	V.			Submitted
A SAT or ACT	X	I	I	I

C8B If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2008, please indicate which ONE of the following applies(regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):
 C8B ACT with Writing Component required

C8A ACT only

ACT

SAT only

C8A SAT and SAT Subject Tests or

C8A SAT Subject Tests only

C8A

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Χ

C8B	ACT with Writing component reco	mmended			
	ACT with or without Writing comp				
C8C	Please indicate how your institution	on will use the SAT or A	CT writing compo	nent; check all that	apply:
COC	For admission				Ī
	For placement				
	For advising				
	In place of an application essay				
	As a validity check on the				
	application essay				
C8C	No college policy as of now			Х	
C8C	Not using essay component				
	In addition, does your institution			dvising?	
C8D		Yes X	No	-	
		^		_	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT	scores must be receive	d for fall-term		[
	admission			Sept 1	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject	Test scores must be re	ceived for fall-	Cont 1	
	term admission			Sept 1	
					·
C8F	If necessary, use this space to cla		.g., if tests are rec	ommended for som	e students, or if
	tests are not required of some stu	dents):			
COC	Please indicate which tests your instit	ution uses for placement (e a state tests).		
C8G		X	5.g., state tests).	<u> </u>	I
		~			
C8G	101	X			
C8G C8G	SAT Subject Tests	X			
	CLEP	X			l
	Institutional Exam	X			
	State Exam (specify):				
					•

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2006, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2006 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	90% Number submitting SAT scores	2638
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	15% Number submitting ACT scores	440

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	460	580
C9	SAT Math	480	610
C9	SAT Writing		
C9	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	20	26
C9	ACT Math	20	27
C9	ACT English	19	25
C9	ACT Writing		

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

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C9		SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	3.00%	5.00%	
C9	600-699	19.00%	25.00%	
C9	500-599	41.00%	41.00%	
C9	400-499	31.00%	26.00%	
C9	300-399	6.00%	3.00%	
C9	200-299	0.00%	0.00%	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	6.00%	5.00%	6.00%
C9	24-29	43.00%	36.00%	47.00%
C9	18-23	43.00%	41.00%	34.00%
C9	12-17	8.00%	18.00%	13.00%
C9	6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class		
		19%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	47%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	83%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	17%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	5%	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high	school class rank:	83%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school gradepoint averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	
		20.000/
		30.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	23.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	21.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	16.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	10.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	0.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%
	10(a)3 3110414 - 10070	100.0076

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year	
	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.49
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high	
	school GPA:	98.00%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

	, application i co		
C13		Yes	No
	Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00	_
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?		Х

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

C13	Same fee:	X			
C12	Free:				
	Reduced:				
			_		
C13		Yes	No		
C13	Can on-line application fee be		.,		
	waived for applicants with		X		
	financial need?				
C14	Application closing date				
C14		Yes	No		
C14	Does your institution have an				
	application closing date?	X			
C14	Application closing date (fall):	9/1			
C14	Priority date:	2/1]		
C15				Yes	No
	Are first-time, first-year student	ts accepted for terms	other than the		110
	fall?			X	
	Notification to applicants of add	mission decision sent	(fill in one only)		
C16	On a rolling basis beginning	_			
	(date):	1-Oct	<u>:</u>		
	By (date):		-		
C16	Other:				
			<u></u>		
	Reply policy for admitted applie	cants (fill in one only)	_		
	Must reply by (date):				
	No set date:		_		
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within				
	weeks if notified thereafter	3 weeks			
C17	Other:	o weeks	†		
•					
	Deadline for housing deposit (MM	IDD):	6/1		
	Amount of housing deposit:		45.00		
C17	Refundable if student does not en	roll?			
C17	Yes, in full Yes, in part				
C17	No	Х	-		
•			4		
C18	Deferred admission				
C18				Yes	No
	Does your institution allow studen		ent after 12 months	X	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement.	12 months		
			<u> </u>		
C19	Early admission of high school	students			
C19				Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so				
	time, first-year (freshman) studen	ts one year or more bef	ore high school		X
	graduation?				
C20	Common Application	Question remove	ed from CDS		
				-	
	Early Decision and Early A	Action Plans			
C21	Early Decision				
004				Vas	NI-

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	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?	Х
C24	If "yos " places complete the following:	

C21 If "yes," please complete the following:

C21	First or only early decision plan closing date	
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date	
C21	Other early decision plan closing date	
C21	Other early decision plan notification date	
C21	For the Fall 2006 entering class:	-
C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	
C21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified		
	of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but	Χ	
	do not have to commit to attending your college?		

C22 If "yes," please complete the following:

C22	Early action closing date	11/1
C22	Early action notification date	12/15

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		X

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D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	Х	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	Х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2006.

D2		Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
		πρριισαίτιο	Applicants	Applicants
D2	Men	856	754	535
D2	Women	815	739	474
D2	Total	1,671	1,493	1,009

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	Χ
D3	Spring	Χ
D3	Summer	Χ

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	X	
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	36 quarter	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

DS	indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission.					
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript					Χ
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal				Х	
	statement				^	
D5	Interview				X	
D5	Standardized test scores					Χ
D5	Statement of good standing					
	from prior institution(s)	X				

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	

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D7		f a minimum college grade point average is required of ransfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.25				
D8	List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:					
D9	List application priority, clos are reviewed on a continuou	•				• •
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall		5/1			
D9	Winter		11/1			
D9	Spring		3/1			
D9	Summer		5/1			
				•		1
D10				Yes	No	
D10	Does an open admission po	olicy, if reported,	apply to		X	
	transfer students?					
D11	Describe additional requirer	manta far transfa	r admission if a	nnliaghlar		
ווט	Describe additional requirer	nents for transfe	i auriiissiori, ii a	ррисавіе.		
	Transfer Credit Polici	es				
D12	Report the lowest grade ear		rse that may be			
012	transferred for credit:	rica for arry ood	iso that may be	D		
	manoromou for ordan.					
D13				Number	Unit Type	
_	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	may he	Number	Offic Type	
D13	transferred from a two-year		may be	124	quarter	
	manorou nom a two year					l
D14				Number	Unit Type	
D14	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	may be		71	
	transferred from a four-year institution:			No Limit		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			<u> </u>		
D15	Minimum number of credits	that transfers m	ust complete at			
	your institution to earn an a		•	N/A		
				14/1		
D16	Minimum number of credits	that transfers m	ust complete at			
0	your institution to earn a back		and complete at	72.00		
	[7 - 3			, 2.30		
D17	Describe other transfer cred	dit policies:				

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	X
E1	Cooperative (work-study) program	Х
E1	Cross-registration Cross-registration	X
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	X
E1	External degree program	Х
E1	Honors Program	Х
E1	Independent study	Х
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	
E1	Student-designed major	Х
E1	Study abroad	Х
E1	Teacher certification program	Х
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course

work prior to graduation:

	WOLK DITOL TO GLAUGATION.	
E 3	Arts/fine arts	
E 3	Computer literacy	
E 3	English (including composition)	Χ
E 3	Foreign languages	
E 3	History	
E 3	Humanities	Χ
E 3	Mathematics	Χ
E 3	Philosophy	
E 3	Sciences (biological or physical)	Χ
E 3	Social science	Χ
E 3	Other (describe):	Χ
	Fitness; Difference, Power, and Discrimination	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2006 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	13%	14%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	16%	9%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	11%	9%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	77%	22%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	22%	78%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	13%
F1	Average age of full-time students	19	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	19	22

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

	Activities offered facility those	orogra
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	Χ
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	Jazz band	Χ
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	Χ
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	Χ
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	Χ
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	Χ
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	Χ

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:	X		

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	Χ
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	

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F4	Apartments for married students	Х
F4	Apartments for single students	
F4	Special housing for disabled students	X
F4	Special housing for international students	Х
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	Χ
F4	Cooperative housing	Χ
F4	Other housing options (specify):	

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Check here if your institution's 2007-2008 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2007-2008 academic year

Provide 2007-2008 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

costs of attendance will be available: August 2007

		_		
G1	Undergraduate full-time tuition, r and room and board for a full-time to semester or 45 quarter hours for insumber of credits). A full academic to June; usually equated to two sent one-four plan. Room and board is of meal plan. Required fees include of tuition (e.g., registration, health, or a use).	undergraduate student f stitutions that derive and year refers to the period nesters, two trimesters, defined as double occup nly charges that all full-t	or the FULL 2007-2008 hual tuition by multiplying dof time generally extenthree quarters, or the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the perancy and 19 meals perancy a	academic year (30 g credit hour cost by ding from September eriod covered by a fourweek or the maximum hat are not included in
C 4		First-Year	Undergraduates	1
G1	DDIVATE INICITE ITIONIC	First-Year	Undergraduates	4
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:			4
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:			
	In-district			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS			†
٠.	Tuition:			
	Tulion.			+
G1	REQUIRED FEES:			
Gı	REQUIRED FEES.			+
C 4	ROOM AND BOARD:			+
G1				
	(on-campus)	+		4
G1	ROOM ONLY:			
	(on-campus)			1
G1	BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)			<u> </u>
	r		T	7
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room ar	` •		
	college cannot provide separate tui	tion and room and		
	board fees):]
G1	Other:			
G2			Minimum	Maximum

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G2	Number of credits per term a studen	t can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition			
			V	NI-
G3	De tritier and for a very house of a	t d / a. a. a. a. b. a. a. a. a.	Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of s	tudy (e.g., sopnomore,		
	junior, senior)?			
	Tree tree to the tree tree tree tree tree tree tree			
G4	If tuition and fees vary by undergrad	uate instructional progra	am, describe briefly:	
○E	Dravide the estimated expenses for	a tunical full time under	araduata atudanti	
G5 G5	Provide the estimated expenses for	a typicai iuli-time under I	Commuters	Commuters
GJ		Residents	(living at home)	(not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies		(living at nome)	(not living at nome)
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			
G6	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charge	ges (tuition only)		
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-district:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:			

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Award Aided: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, ect.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using federal methodology and/or your institutions own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid(grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note:Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based: Non-need institutional grants; Non-need tuitional waivers; Non-need athletic awards; Non-need federal grants; Non-need state grants; Non-need outside grants; Non-need student loans; Non-need parent loans; Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aids awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1 Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2005-2006 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2005-2006 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2006-2007	2005-2006
		estimated	final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	Х	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3	Federal methodology (FM)	X
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)	
H3	Both FM and IM	

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$12,866,583	\$35,718
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is		
	located)	\$3,340,772	\$0
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grands, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$5,343,588	\$4,620,806
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National	+ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	+ 1,0_0,000
	Merit) not awarded by the college	\$2,415,694	\$2,432,015
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$23,966,637	\$7,088,539
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$42,374,057	\$11,676,855
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$3,986,339	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$46,360,396	\$11,676,855
H1	Parent Loans	\$11,398,393	\$13,034,226
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$0	\$389,236
H1	Athletic Awards	\$1,729,192	\$4,254,329

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2006 cohort)	2856	13539	1657
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	2165	9085	885
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1408	6752	757
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1360	6625	696
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1068	4764	476
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1228	6136	642
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	55	184	7
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	374	1446	102
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	71.0%	68.0%	61.0%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 9,095	\$ 9,022	\$ 7,692
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 2,249	\$ 2,466	\$ 2,495
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,598	\$ 2,753
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,188	\$ 3,108	\$ 3,385

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

Common Data Set 2006-07

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	17	62	2
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 2,470	\$ 2,556	\$ 2,257
H2A	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	85	371	0
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 	\$ 16,308	\$ 16,073	\$ 0

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4. H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: 2006 undergraduate class who draduated between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006.; Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at you institution.; co-signed loans;

Exclude: Those who transferred in; money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class(defined above) who borrowed at any timer through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	60%
H4a		
	Provide the percentage of the class(defined above) who borrowed at any time through	
	federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Stafford Subsidized and	
	Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education	
	Loans. Note: exclude all institutional, state private alternative loans and parent loans.	59%
H5	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line	
	H4.	\$19,550
		•
H5a	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal	
	loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include	
	both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed	
	in line H4a. NOTE: Exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude	
	parent loans.	\$17,395

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens:

Н6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
Н6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X

Н6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available			
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergradua aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-s were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	-		64
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awaseeking nonresident aliens:	arded to undergrad	luate degree-	\$8,700
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarde nonresident aliens:	ed to undergraduat	e degree-seeking	\$556,827
H7 H7 H7 H7 H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other (specify):	year financial aid a	applicants must su X	ıbmit:
H8 H8 H8 H8 H8 H8	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (free FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other (specify):		aid applicants mus X	t submit:
H9 H9 H9 H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications procrolling basis): Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students:		2/28 b):	
H10 H10 H10 H10	a) Students notified on or about (date): b) Students notified on a rolling basis: If yes, starting date:	Yes X 4/1	No	
H11 H11 H11	Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date): or within weeks of notification.	30 days		

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

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	Loans FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIR	RECT LOAN)	
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	(201 207 (14)	Х
	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		X
	Direct PLUS Loans		X
		L	
H12	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (F	FFEL)	
	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans	,	
H12	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans		
H12	Federal Perkins Loans		Χ
H12	Federal Nursing Loans		
H12	State Loans		
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds		X
H12	Other (specify):		
1140	Sahalayahina and Cyanta		
	Scholarships and Grants NEED-BASED:		
_	Federal Pell		V
	SEOG		X
	State scholarships/grants		X
	Private scholarships		X
	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut	ional funds	X
	United Negro College Fund	ionai runus	Λ
	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
H13	Other (specify):		
0	Carlot (opeony).	L	
H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Ch	eck all that apply.	
H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	Х	Х
H14	Alumni affiliation	Χ	Х
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics	X	Х
H14	Job skills	X	X
H14	ROTC	Х	
H14	Leadership	Х	Χ
H14	Minority status	X	X
H14	Music/drama		
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency	Χ	Χ

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2006. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part-time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

I 1			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I 1	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	766	400	1166
I 1	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	105	33	138
I 1	c)	Total number who are women	313	217	530
I 1	d)	Total number who are men	453	183	636
I 1	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	50	17	67
	f)	Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal			
l1		degree	574	179	753

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	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I1		master's	108	132	240
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	39	44	83
I1	i)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
		Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	45	45	90
	i	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
I1	J)	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2006 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2006 Student to Faculty ratio	19 to 1	(based on	17367	students
			and	899	faculty).

Undergraduate Class Size

13

12

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2006 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2006. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

13	Ondergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	329	352	371	188	153	211	124	1728

CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	rotai
SECTIONS	329	352	371	188	153	211	124	1728

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	89	217	288	209	46	25	0	874

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J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

- J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2006
- J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture			6	1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science			5	3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies	4			5
J1	Communications/journalism				9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences			3	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			1	13
J1	Engineering			15	14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			1	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences	33		11	19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			4	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			5	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			7	26
J1	Mathematics			1	27
J1	Military science and technologies				29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			5	30
J1	Parks and recreation			5	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies	15		1	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			2	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			3	42
J1	Security and protective services				43
J1	Public administration and social services				44
	Social sciences	48		5	45
	Construction trades				46
	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
	Precision production				48
	Transportation and materials moving				49
	Visual and performing arts			3	50
	Health professions and related sciences			2	51
	Business/marketing			14	52
	History			1	54
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	100.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

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Non-need athletic awards		
Non-need federal grants		
Non-need state grants		
Non-need outside grants		
Non-need student loans		
Non-need parent loans		
Non-need work		

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.